

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum marks: 75

| Q.1 | Choose the correct option and write answer along with option code | | 20 M |
|-------|--|----|----------------------|
| Sr No | Questions | | Options |
| 1. | Vessels that contain flammable or combustible vapours or pressurized gas can be cause of following Hazard | a. | Ergonomic Hazard |
| | | b. | Explosion Hazard |
| | | c. | Biological Hazard |
| | | d. | Psychological Hazard |
| 2. | Application of air circulation is | a. | Material handling |
| | | b. | Repairing |
| | | c. | Personal protection |
| | | d. | Burning |
| 3. | Most of the non-renewable energy comes from | a. | Sun |
| | | b. | fossil fuels |
| | | c. | Biomass |
| | | d. | Geothermal |
| 4. | As per PHA ranking, when failure results in major injury or death of personnel. The severity of the event is | a. | Catastrophic |
| | | b. | Critical |
| | | c. | Major |
| | | d. | Minor |
| 5. | Manufacturing and component preparation shall meet Grade ----- conditions of clean room air. | a. | C |
| | | b. | B |
| | | c. | A |
| | | d. | D |
| 6. | Which Relief system in Preventive and Protective management of Fires & explosion makes use of electrostatic attraction? | a. | Scrubbers |
| | | b. | Sprinklers |
| | | c. | Passivation |
| | | d. | Fire walls |

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| 7. | Secondary pollutants are those which are produced in the atmosphere when _____ reactions take place among primary pollutants. | a. | Physical |
| | | b. | Chemical |
| | | c. | Biological |
| | | d. | Analytical |
| 8. | The minimum temperature at which a liquid gives off enough vapor to ignite in presence of an ignition source is known as | a. | Flash point |
| | | b. | Boiling point |
| | | c. | Ceiling vapor point |
| | | d. | TLV |
| 9. | ___ system needed where high velocity suppression is necessary to prevent fire spread. | a. | Dry |
| | | b. | Wet |
| | | c. | Pre-action |
| | | d. | Deluge |
| 10. | How is COD calculated? | a. | Waste water is oxidised chemically using bromine in acid solutions |
| | | b. | Waste water is oxidised chemically using sodium in acid solutions |
| | | c. | Waste water is oxidised chemically using dichromate in acid solutions |
| | | d. | Waste water is oxidised chemically using potassium in acid solutions |
| 11. | What is FMEA | a. | Fast mode and effect analysis |
| | | b. | Front mode and effect analysis |
| | | c. | False mode and effect analysis |
| | | d. | Failure mode and Effect Analysis |
| 12. | The aspect of air conditioning that is responsible for replenishing stale indoor air with outside air is | a. | Heating |
| | | b. | Ventilation |
| | | c. | Air circulation |
| | | d. | Cooling |
| 13. | Which of the following is listed under asphyxiant gas? | a. | Oxygen |
| | | b. | Breathing air |
| | | c. | Air |
| | | d. | Nitrogen |

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|-----|---|----|------------------------------------|
| 14. | Absolute exposure limit value for a chemical that should not be exceeded at any time | a. | TLV-TWA |
| | | b. | TLV-STEL |
| | | c. | TLV-C |
| | | d. | TLV-B |
| 15. | Following type of fires involve ordinary combustible materials like paper, wood and fabrics, rubber | a. | Fire A |
| | | b. | Fire B |
| | | c. | Fire C |
| | | d. | Fire D |
| 16. | Probability of the event that might occur X Severity of the event if it occurs = | a. | Hazard |
| | | b. | Risk |
| | | c. | Accident |
| | | d. | Mistake |
| 17. | What are the three groups of the biotic factors of Ecosystem? | a. | Consumer, Water, and Producer |
| | | b. | Decomposer, Consumer, and Rocks |
| | | c. | Producer, Decomposer, and Consumer |
| | | d. | Weather, Consumer, and Decomposer |
| 18. | Isolating people from hazard is which type of control? | a. | Engineering control |
| | | b. | PPE |
| | | c. | Administrative control |
| | | d. | Substitution |
| 19. | According to WHMIS classification, Class E Chemical Hazard is due to | a. | Compressed gas |
| | | b. | Pyrophosphoric material |
| | | c. | Corrosive material |
| | | d. | Flammable gas |
| 20. | The quality effluent is produced by ----- treatment can be used for irrigation purpose | a. | Primary |
| | | b. | Secondary |
| | | c. | Tertiary |
| | | d. | Pretreatment |

Q.2. Solve any two from the following three Questions

20 M

- i.a. Give the schematic representation of an HVAC system. List the components of the HVAC system and explain significance
- i.b. What is PHA? Give main steps involved in PHA. Comment on general components of PHA worksheet.
- ii. a. Write flow chart for ETP (Effluent treatment plant)? Explain following terms with reference to Physicochemical measurements of effluents, i) BOD ii) COD
- ii.b. Define Risk. Give overview of quality risk management process as per ICH Q9 guidelines.
- iii.a. Explain Management of over-Exposure to chemicals and elaborate on TLV concept
- iii. b. Match the following

| | Hazard | | Harm Caused |
|---|--------------------------------------|-----|------------------|
| a | Benzene | i | Bronchitis |
| b | Asbestos | ii | Fire & explosion |
| c | Electricity | iii | Mesothelioma |
| d | Wet floor | iv | electrocution |
| e | Conc. H ₂ SO ₄ | v | Leukemia |
| f | Sodium metal | vi | Slips, falls |

Q.3. Solve any seven from the following

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- i Discuss clean room concept, classification and note on air flow patterns practiced in pharma industry
- ii Write a note on hazards caused by organic solvents
- iii Write a note on Fire & Explosion hazard management (FEHM) with an emphasis on stages of FEHM Process by schematic flow diagram
- iv Define Deforestation. What are the chief effects of Deforestation?
- v Write short Note on different types of Fire extinguishers.
- vi What is meant by fire triangle? Explain how the knowledge about this helps in prevention of fire.
- vii What are different techniques to control Chemical Hazards
- viii Enlist different Energy resources and Explain problem associated with Energy resources

ix Match the following

| | Severity | | Impact |
|---|--------------|-----|--|
| a | Negligible | i | Single fatality or permanent total disability or major occupational illness. |
| b | Marginal | ii | Multiple fatalities from an incident or Occupational chronic illness leading to Death. |
| c | Critical | iii | Major injury or health effects, irreversible health damage without loss of life |
| d | Severe | iv | Slight injury or health effects |
| e | Catastrophic | v | Minor injury or health effects-affecting work performance, reversible health Effects |
